



Trans-Domain COST Action TD1404 (NEOH)
Final Conference

THE ONE HEALTH / ECOHEALTH POLICY CYCLE AND EVALUATION

NEOH results in relation to the One Health and EcoHealth policy cycle

Working Group 2



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WorkingGroup 2 within NEOH – short intro

- To apply the evaluation framework, protocol and index developed to different One Health initiatives (case studies) using primary and secondary datasets ...using Handbook made by NEOH WG1
- In order to do this we had a bunch of preparation steps
- Selection
- Use of existing networks
- Training schools
- STSMs





Selection of initiatives - Topic areas of relevance

- Infectious, zoonotic diseases (3)
- Vector borne diseases (2)
- Education (1)
- Animal welfare (1)
- Obesity (1)
- AMR (1)

The evaluation was done based on scoring...

Evaluation elements/questions	Short element description/explanation	Reasoning behind the score for the element / qualitative assessment	Dimensions and scales	Score	Scoring guidance
should be raised: 1) Is this dimension important for the initiative, or can it be		Based on quantitative analysis of answers collected in questionnaire- based, online survey	Spatial Temporal Network Institutional Economics Knowledge Jurisdictional Religion Leadership	1 0.8 0.8 0.6 1 0.6 0.3	0 = not considered 0.2 = passive recognition 0.4 = considered 0.6 = weak involvement 0.8 = strong involvement 1 = essential
How balanced is the consideration of the different dimensions by the initiative? How strongly would it affect the outcomes of the	that are considered important in the theory of change The question checks for the importance of the dimensions to capture expected (and as far as possible unexpected)	Based on quantitative analysis of answers collected in questionnaire-based, online survey Based on quantitative analysis of answers collected in questionnaire	Make your own calculation in F16 Spatial Temporal Network Institutional Economics	1 0.6 1 0.8 1 0.8 0.8	Score: 1-((number of different scores-1)/number of dimensions). A score close to zero indicates unbalanced consideration of different dimensions, whereas a score close to 1 indicates balanced consideration of different dimensions in the initiative. 0=no relevance 0.2=slight relevance 0.4=some relevance 0.6=relevant 0.8=high relevance
initiative, if the dimension	outcomes of the	answers collected in questionnaire- based, online survey	Knowledge Jurisdictional	0.8 1 0.6	1=essential



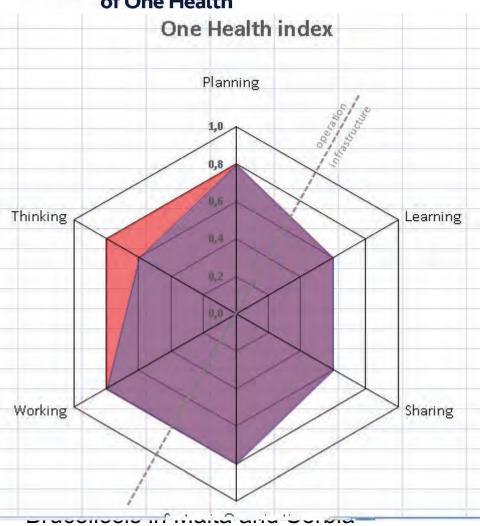
One Health Index and Ratio - values		
OH	Thinking	
pera	Planning	
	Working	
rting	Sharing	
ppo	Learning	
Supporting	Systemic organisation	
	One Health Index	
	One Health Ratio	One Health Index and Ratio Spider Diagram



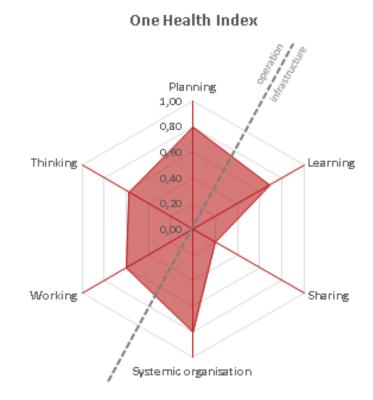
Values from 0 (=no OH approach) to 1 (=perfect OH approach)



Zoonotic diseaases



Malta - higher OH index (0.54) and ratio (1.37) than Serbia (0.49 and 1.14)

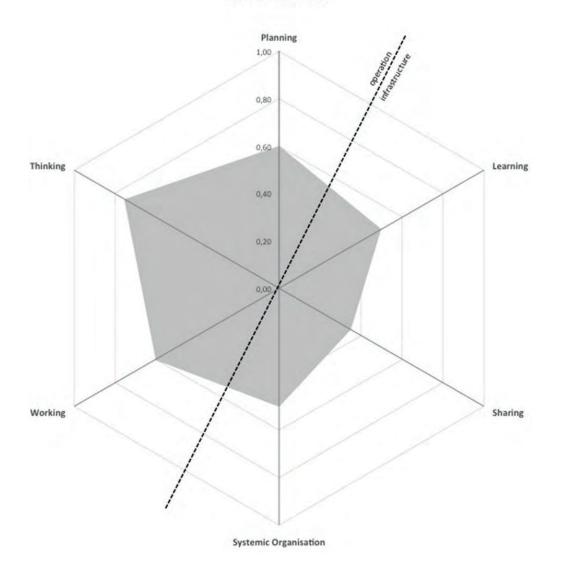


Centre for infectious diseases
The OH index calculated was 0.359, and
the OH ratio calculated was 1.495.



Zoonotic diseases

One Health Index



Cysticercosis
The OH index was
0.31. Its OH ratio is
1.98



Vector borne diseases



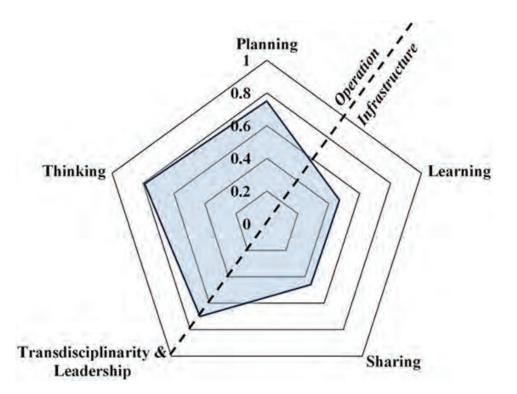


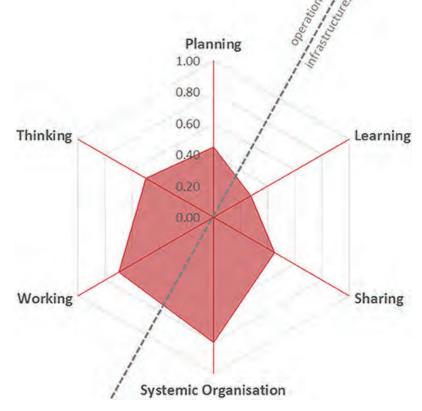
Ticks in cattle in Zambia
The overall OH Index was 0.34
and ratio 1.20



West Nile in Italy





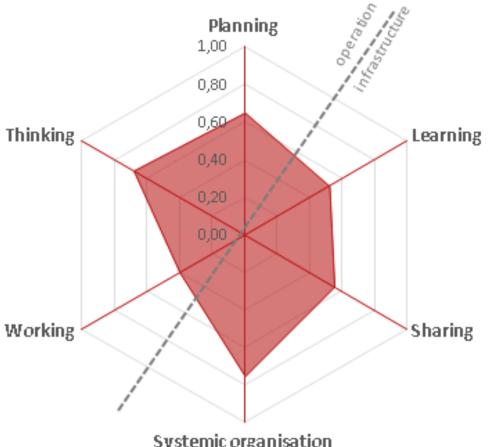


Obesity
The calculated OH-index was 0.29
and ratio 1.1

Animal Welfare Center
By using Eq. 1, the OH Index was 0.97, by using Eq. 2, the score was 0.68, while the IOH Ratio was 2.20.



One Health Index in UC-Care



Systemic organisation

The OH index of UC-CARE was 0.34 and ratio was 1.1

